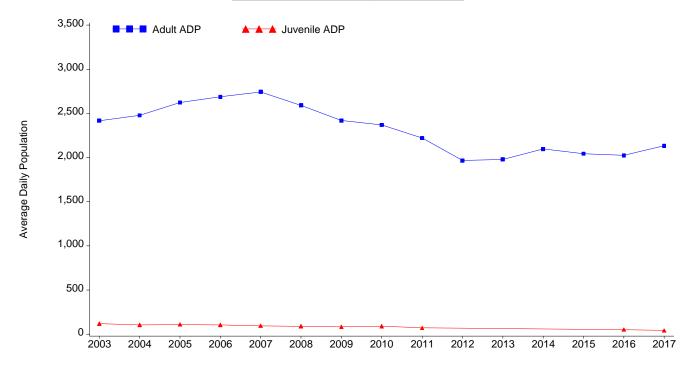
Detention and Alternatives Report

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Annual ADP

Year	Adult ADP	Juvenile ADP
2003	2,417	119
2004	2,478	105
2005	2,623	109
2006	2,688	105
2007	2,744	95
2008	2,591	90
2009	2,419	83
2010	2,369	89
2011	2,220	70
2012	1,966	-
2013	1,979	-
2014	2,096	-
2015	2,044	-
2016	2,023	51
2017	2,132	42



Definitions

Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.

Notes:

- The adult population figures include secure detention, Electronic Home Detention (EHD), and Work Education Release (WER) population numbers. The juvenile population numbers are strictly secure detention counts.
- Changes may occur between months because of corrections to the database.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Custodial Population

	Da	Average Daily Population		kings	Booking Length of Stay (days)		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
January	1,908	2,100	3,075	3,096	22.55	20.16	
February	1,931	2,111	2,950	2,634	19.17	20.75	
March	1,953	2,112	3,081	3,238	20.24	19.84	
April	1,918	2,193	2,925	3,003	20.69	20.17	
May	1,967	-	3,137	-	20.60	-	
June	2,039	-	3,094	-	21.66	-	
July	2,067	-	3,271	-	18.72	-	
August	2,072	-	3,191	-	20.85	-	
September	2,122	-	2,908	-	20.27	-	
October	2,062	-	2,926	-	20.45	-	
November	2,078	-	2,857	-	21.42	-	
December	2,017	-	2,720	-	24.04	-	
YTD Average	2,011	2,129	3,011	2,993	20.89	20.23	

- Adult Custodial Population: Inmates who are confined in the King County Correctional Facility or Regional Justice Center, and partially confined in Work
 Education Release or Electronic Home Detention.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Booking: The process of identifying, fingerprinting and gathering information about an arrested person who is being admitted to jail. Bookings are event
 based versus person based. In other words, there were 56,000 separate booking events in 2001 for 38,000 separate person. Some people are booked
 more than one time during the reporting period.
- · Average Length of Stay (ALOS): The average number of days a person spends in a program or jail based upon release month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

				S	Secure					
			Avei Da Popul	ily			Numb Placei	101 01	Place Length (da	of Stay
		2016		2017		2016	2017	2016	2017	
	KCCF	RJC	Total	KCCF	RJC	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
January	1,077	735	1,812	1,175	808	1,983	3,067	3,088	23.28	20.81
February	1,121	721	1,842	1,157	831	1,988	2,946	2,632	19.79	21.51
March	1,115	741	1,856	1,174	818	1,991	3,079	3,237	21.08	20.06
April	1,096	720	1,816	1,204	873	2,077	2,922	3,001	21.44	20.62
May	1,119	730	1,850	-	-	-	3,130	-	20.83	-
June	1,156	766	1,922	-	-	-	3,092	-	22.37	-
July	1,194	772	1,967	-	-	-	3,265	-	20.30	-
August	1,188	770	1,958	-	-	-	3,179	-	21.54	-
September	1,193	811	2,003	-	-	-	2,904	-	20.76	-
October	1,154	790	1,944	-	-	-	2,923	-	21.34	-
November	1,147	809	1,957	-	-	-	2,851	-	21.65	-
December	1,109	789	1,898	-	-	-	2,718	-	24.88	-
YTD Average	1,139	763	1,902	1,178	832	2,010	3,006	2,990	21.61	20.77

- Secure: Total confinement within a 24-hour detention facility in either the KCCF or RJC.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

Electronic Home Detention									
	Average Daily Population			Number of Placements		ment of Stay ys)			
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	36	38	23	30	32.13	44.42			
February	32	37	27	19	51.95	28.31			
March	32	32	33	21	37.41	65.30			
April	33	31	34	22	20.23	49.44			
May	46	-	58	-	41.11	-			
June	46	-	33	-	30.49	-			
July	33	-	28	-	40.81	-			
August	39	-	42	-	36.40	-			
September	46	-	40	-	31.74	-			
October	45	-	32	-	24.00	-			
November	42	-	29	-	44.49	-			
December	37	-	29	-	40.03	-			
YTD Average	39	34	34	23	35.56	45.31			

- Electronic Home Detention (EHD): A program that allows offenders to be maintained under electronic surveillance within their home and work site. This program requires random drug and alcohol testing. People on EHD are considered to be in-custody.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

Work Education Release								
	Average Daily Population			Number of Placements		ment of Stay ys)		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017		
January	60	80	48	51	59.21	42.50		
February	57	86	42	37	38.05	50.28		
March	65	89	46	35	36.74	57.93		
April	69	85	46	48	52.85	48.39		
May	71	-	51	-	51.11	-		
June	70	-	65	-	42.30	-		
July	67	-	34	-	38.86	-		
August	75	-	56	-	39.62	-		
September	72	-	38	-	49.81	-		
October	73	-	55	-	46.71	-		
November	79	-	45	-	57.74	-		
December	81	-	39	-	48.61	-		
YTD Average	70	85	47	43	46.84	50.01		

- Work/Education Release (WER): A custodial community corrections program operated by DAJD that allows inmates to be released from custody in order to go to work and/or school. When they are not at work and/or school, the inmates are in-custody.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

	CCAP - Basic									
	Average Daily Enrollment		Admis	ssions	Calendar Length of Stay (days)					
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017				
January	58	85	-	-	-	-				
February	67	84	-	-	-	-				
March	76	81	-	-	-	-				
April	77	78	-	-	-	-				
May	69	-	-	-	-	-				
June	64	-	-	-	-	-				
July	65	-	-	-	-	-				
August	69	-	-	-	-	-				
September	72	-	-	-	-	-				
October	77	-	-	-	-	-				
November	79	-	-	-	-	-				
December	81	-	-	-	-	-				
YTD Average	71	82	-	-	-	-				

- Community Center for Alternative Program (CCAP): A non-custodial community corrections based program that provides structured non-custodial programs
 that can consist of supervision, treatment services, and sanctions.
- CCAP Basic is for pre-sentenced, pre-trial and requires participants to report by telephone 7 days per week. The Court may order random urinalysis tests.
- Average Daily Enrollment: The number of days a participant has an open case during the month. It is the difference between the closed date and the active
 date within the month. When a case is closed, then subsequently reactivated, it is the sum of all "active spans" excluding days when the case was closed
 during the month.
- Admissions: Number of cases initially activated (i.e. using the first active date) in the month. There is one admission per case even when a case is closed
 and then reactivated.
- Calendar Length of Stay (in days): Average number of days participants were enrolled in CCAP for persons whose cases closed during the month. It is calculated as the total sum of days from the first active date to the final closed date less any time the case was closed.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

	CCAP - Enhanced										
	Averag Enroll		Admis	ssions	Averag Work	e Daily		rage e Length ys)	Calendar Length of Stay (days)		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
January	107	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
February	110	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
March	104	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
April	110	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
May	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
June	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
July	107	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
August	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
September	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
October	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
November	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
December	117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
YTD Average	111	107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

- Community Center for Alternative Program (CCAP): A non-custodial community corrections based program that provides structured non-custodial programs
 that can consist of supervision, treatment services, and sanctions.
- CCAP Enhanced participants typically report for programs and services offered from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM, Monday through Friday. Participants receive an
 individual needs assessment and are scheduled for a variety of programs and services. CCAP also provides referrals to community-based programs. Court
 ordered random drug tests monitor illegal drug use and consumption of alcohol.
- Average Daily Enrollment: The number of days a participant has an open case during the month. It is the difference between the closed date and the active
 date within the month. When a case is closed, then subsequently reactivated, it is the sum of all "active spans" excluding days when the case was closed
 during the month.
- Admissions: Number of cases initially activated (i.e. using the first active date) in the month. There is one admission per case even when a case is closed
 and then reactivated.
- Average Daily Workload: Average number of CCAP participants attending a program during the month. It is calculated as the sum of all CCAP attendance
 contacts in the month for enhanced cases divided by the number of program days in the month.
- Average Sentence Length (in days): Average imposed sentence length for persons admitted in the month. It is calculated using only participants who have
 a sentence; values of "999" in COMCOR are excluded. If a case has more than one sentence, the longest sentence is used in the calculation.
- Calendar Length of Stay (in days): Average number of days participants were enrolled in CCAP for persons whose cases closed during the month. It is
 calculated as the total sum of days from the first active date to the final closed date less any time the case was closed.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

CCAP - Total									
	Average Daily Enrollment		Admis	ssions	Calendar Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	165	192	-	-	-	-			
February	177	194	-	-	-	-			
March	180	188	-	-	-	-			
April	187	180	-	-	-	-			
May	173	-	-	-	-	-			
June	165	-	-	-	-	-			
July	172	-	-	-	-	-			
August	172	-	-	-	-	-			
September	185	-	-	-	-	-			
October	201	-	-	-	-	-			
November	211	-	-	-	-	-			
December	198	-	-	-	-	-			
YTD Average	182	189	-	-	-	-			

- Community Center for Alternative Program (CCAP): A non-custodial community corrections based program that provides structured non-custodial programs that can consist of supervision, treatment services, and sanctions.
- Average Daily Enrollment: The number of days a participant has an open case during the month. It is the difference between the closed date and the active
 date within the month. When a case is closed, then subsequently reactivated, it is the sum of all "active spans" excluding days when the case was closed
 during the month.
- Admissions: Number of cases initially activated (i.e. using the first active date) in the month. There is one admission per case even when a case is closed
 and then reactivated.
- Calendar Length of Stay (in days): Average number of days participants were enrolled in CCAP for persons whose cases closed during the month. It is calculated as the total sum of days from the first active date to the final closed date less any time the case was closed.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

	Work Crew									
	Average Daily Enrollment		Admis	ssions	Average Daily Workload					
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017				
January	296	263	213	217	26.40	19.73				
February	321	228	232	168	29.19	17.85				
March	344	240	273	210	28.90	18.45				
April	387	244	259	189	27.90	17.33				
May	401	-	252	-	26.70	-				
June	396	-	265	-	28.40	-				
July	358	-	181	-	24.60	-				
August	334	-	243	-	22.30	-				
September	285	-	190	-	19.75	-				
October	295	-	206	-	18.33	-				
November	300	-	216	-	18.46	-				
December	313	-	193	-	19.11	-				
YTD Average	336	244	227	196	24.17	18.34				

- Work Crew: A non-custodial community correction's sanction/program in which offenders perform work such as cleaning up garbage on highways or parks
 in lieu of incarceration.
- Average Daily Enrollment (ADE): Mean number of persons enrolled in a non-custodial program, irrespective of program participation. Total number of
 enrollee days divided by the number of days in the time-period; calculated as start date to closed date.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Day Reporting, Evening Reporting, Group Care and Work Crew. For DRC, it is a count of new referrals in the month.
- Average Daily Workload (ADW): Mean number of persons in non-custodial populations based on program participation days within a time-period. Total number of active participation days divided by program participation days in the time-period.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Population by Placement

		Helpiı	ng Hand	S			
	Average Daily Enrollment		Admis	ssions	Calendar Length of Stay (days)		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	
January	307	311	17	-	-	-	
February	309	-	32	-	-	-	
March	306	250	33	-	-	-	
April	301	250	19	-	-	-	
May	296	-	25	-	-	-	
June	292	-	17	-	-	-	
July	284	-	22	-	-	-	
August	268	-	-	-	-	-	
September	274	-	-	-	-	-	
October	254	-	-	-	-	-	
November	246	-	-	-	-	-	
December	240	-	-	-	-	-	
YTD Average	281	270	24	-	-	-	

Note: 2014 Helping Hands ADE did **not** include inactive but enrolled persons. These cases **are** included in the 2015 values. Year to year comparisons are not recommended.

- Helping Hands: a sentencing alternative in Superior Court. Participants remain out of custody while completing their community service obligations. Assists
 persons court-ordered to perform community service find a site to complete their hours of service and monitors compliance for cases NOT supervised by the
 Washington State Department of Corrections.
- Average Daily Enrollment (ADE): Mean number of persons enrolled in a non-custodial program, irrespective of program participation. Total number of
 enrollee days divided by the number of days in the time-period; calculated as start date to closed date.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Day Reporting, Evening Reporting, Group Care and Work Crew. For DRC, it is a count of new referrals in the month.
- Calendar Length of Stay: The average number of actual calendar days that a person spends in a non-custodial community corrections based program. It is
 based on the day that a person is admitted into the program and the day that they leave the program. For DRC, it is calculated for persons whose cases are
 closed during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	Pre-Sentence Felon								
	Average Daily Population		Numb Place		Placement Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	1,104	1,272	917	969	46.84	41.81			
February	1,116	1,268	930	820	38.61	40.00			
March	1,118	1,303	891	1,026	42.32	41.35			
April	1,119	1,344	890	961	42.20	38.15			
May	1,151	-	950	-	40.11	-			
June	1,196	-	905	-	45.55	-			
July	1,214	-	971	-	41.32	-			
August	1,237	-	975	-	43.66	-			
September	1,293	-	913	-	38.58	-			
October	1,267	-	912	-	39.99	-			
November	1,277	-	895	-	42.75	-			
December	1,259	-	860	-	50.79	-			
YTD Average	1,196	1,297	917	944	42.77	40.50			

- Pre-Sentence: The portion of the criminal justice process from time of arrest to time of sentencing. The pre-sentence time is often significantly longer than the pre-adjudication time, due to the length of time between judgment and sentence.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	Sentenced Felon									
	Average Daily Population			Number of Placements		ment of Stay ys)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017				
January	195	209	308	279	27.10	22.73				
February	224	206	289	250	20.90	29.68				
March	219	207	297	358	27.94	20.86				
April	207	226	333	337	24.36	21.85				
May	201	-	276	-	29.58	-				
June	239	-	333	-	26.93	-				
July	230	-	299	-	23.86	-				
August	231	-	330	-	23.91	-				
September	215	-	284	-	27.03	-				
October	206	-	289	-	27.73	-				
November	181	-	257	-	26.17	-				
December	180	-	275	-	25.57	-				
YTD Average	210	212	298	306	25.89	23.30				

- Sentence: The portion of the Average Daily Population from the time the sentence date is entered to completion of the sentence.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	Pre-Sentence Misdemeanant									
	Average Daily Population		Number of Placements		Placement Length of Stay (days)					
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017				
January	232	208	1,124	1,033	7.62	6.84				
February	247	207	1,053	904	6.95	8.59				
March	230	193	1,059	1,098	8.10	6.44				
April	213	200	987	973	7.97	6.85				
May	225	-	1,155	-	8.54	-				
June	221	-	1,074	-	8.08	-				
July	227	-	1,295	-	6.64	-				
August	209	-	1,077	-	7.61	-				
September	200	-	963	-	6.71	-				
October	191	-	986	-	6.84	-				
November	193	-	940	-	7.38	-				
December	194	-	939	-	6.83	-				
YTD Average	215	202	1,054	1,002	7.49	7.13				

- Pre-Sentence: The portion of the criminal justice process from time of arrest to time of sentencing. The pre-sentence time is often significantly longer than the pre-adjudication time, due to the length of time between judgment and sentence.
- Misdemeanor: Misdemeanors and Gross Misdemeanors. A misdemeananor is any crime punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by
 imprisonment in a county jail for not more than ninety days or by both such fine and imprisonment. A gross misdemeanor is any crime punishable by
 imprisonment in the county jail for a maximum term of not more than one year or by a fine in an amount fixed by the court of not more than five thousand
 dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	Sentenced Misdemeanant								
	Average Daily Population		Number of Placements		Placement Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	116	91	318	307	23.40	16.57			
February	103	107	293	236	18.94	16.96			
March	121	107	393	282	13.90	20.88			
April	107	130	305	244	17.55	20.45			
May	112	-	333	-	20.83	-			
June	102	-	329	-	16.23	-			
July	103	-	296	-	19.45	-			
August	106	-	340	-	19.41	-			
September	104	-	321	-	18.93	-			
October	100	-	301	-	16.24	-			
November	106	-	283	-	18.10	-			
December	86	-	264	-	18.31	-			
YTD Average	106	109	315	267	18.33	18.60			

- · Sentence: The portion of the Average Daily Population from the time the sentence date is entered to completion of the sentence.
- Misdemeanor: Misdemeanors and Gross Misdemeanors. A misdemeananor is any crime punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by
 imprisonment in a county jail for not more than ninety days or by both such fine and imprisonment. A gross misdemeanor is any crime punishable by
 imprisonment in the county jail for a maximum term of not more than one year or by a fine in an amount fixed by the court of not more than five thousand
 dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	State Hold								
	Average Daily Population		Numb Place		Placement Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	111	143	269	339	13.42	14.19			
February	106	132	266	289	13.79	13.99			
March	113	112	284	306	14.41	13.67			
April	116	111	283	286	15.40	14.24			
May	111	-	298	-	14.88	-			
June	115	-	322	-	12.64	-			
July	140	-	308	-	13.83	-			
August	126	-	321	-	15.44	-			
September	131	-	302	-	13.58	-			
October	137	-	308	-	13.83	-			
November	141	-	325	-	15.66	-			
December	133	-	271	-	15.84	-			
YTD Average	123	125	296	305	14.47	14.01			

- State Hold: The State Hold status group, as reported in the King County Jail's population reports, consists of several different status groups as determined
 by their most serious charge. There are those inmates who have been sentenced to DOC awaiting transfer to the state institution, and there are those
 inmates who are accused of violating a condition of their felony sentence including probation, Community Supervision, Post-release Supervision, Insanity
 Acquittal, Community Custody, Interstate Detainer, Parole, and State Work Release. It also includes those prisoners who are already serving a prison
 sentence, but are returned to face new charges or for other court related matters.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
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 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Adult Secure Population by Charge Status

	Other Hold								
	Average Daily Population		Numb Place	per of ments	Placement Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	53	60	343	351	4.44	4.50			
February	45	58	315	317	4.46	3.92			
March	54	70	385	383	5.37	5.95			
April	55	66	349	355	5.09	7.50			
May	50	-	348	-	4.51	-			
June	50	-	364	-	6.67	-			
July	53	-	343	-	4.86	-			
August	51	-	372	-	4.86	-			
September	60	-	354	-	6.69	-			
October	45	-	314	-	7.28	-			
November	59	-	352	-	3.92	-			
December	49	-	318	-	7.29	-			
YTD Average	52	64	346	352	5.45	5.53			

- Other Hold: This charge status includes offenders held for such reasons as immigration, federal charge, transient, other county holds and fugitive.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Number of Placements: The DAJD has traditionally reported the number of bookings as the measure of admission. A single booking covers all activity from
 the time of admission to the time of release from custody. For the purpose of data tracking, it was necessary to develop a new measure to track location
 movements within a booking. Placements are defined for only the custodial populations in Electronic Home Detention, Secure Detention and Work
 Education Release. A placement occurs the first time that a person enters a custodial population, but is only counted once in a booking for each of the three
 populations. One booking can therefore create no more than three placements. The placement is counted in the month the placement occurred, not
 necessarily in the month the booking occurred.
- Program Length of Stay: The total number of days during the total incarceration event that a person was placed in the various custodial locations (Secure, Work Release, Electronic Home Detention) or a specific status group with Secure Detention (Pre-Trial Felon, Pre-Trial Misdemeanant, Sentenced Felon, Sentenced Misdemeanant, State Holds, and Other). For DRC, it is the average imposed sentence length for participants who started during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Juvenile Population by Placement

	Secure								
	Average Daily Population		Admis	ssions	Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	63	37	125	111	14.19	9.57			
February	60	40	130	99	14.34	9.91			
March	56	44	132	129	8.92	11.97			
April	50	45	108	143	18.96	6.34			
May	54	-	149	-	13.20	-			
June	66	-	137	-	12.66	-			
July	49	-	120	-	11.66	-			
August	52	-	118	-	15.21	-			
September	47	-	102	-	10.48	-			
October	44	-	98	-	12.48	-			
November	37	-	108	-	11.00	-			
December	35	-	92	-	10.01	-			
YTD Average	51	42	118	121	12.76	9.45			

- Secure: Total confinement within a 24-hour detention facility.
 Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention progams including Group Care, Work Crew and Weekend Reporting.
- · Average Length of Stay (ALOS): The average number of days a person spends in a program or jail based upon release month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Juvenile Population by Placement

	Electronic Home Detention								
	Average Daily Population		Admis	ssions	Length of Stay (days)				
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017			
January	22	-	26	-	11.60	-			
February	19	29	33	39	9.50	9.60			
March	23	32	41	42	8.70	9.80			
April	29	-	29	-	11.00	-			
May	25	-	32	-	10.90	-			
June	20	-	28	-	9.40	-			
July	24	-	25	-	12.20	-			
August	21	-	18	-	11.20	-			
September	18	-	25	-	8.50	-			
October	29	-	44	-	11.10	-			
November	-	-	-	-	-	-			
December	21	-	20	-	8.90	-			
YTD Average	23	30	29	41	10.27	9.70			

- Electronic Home Detention (EHD): A program that allows offenders to be maintained under electronic surveillance within their home and work site. This program requires random drug and alcohol testing. People on EHD are considered to be in-custody.
- Average Daily Population (ADP): Mean number of inmates in the custodial populations on a daily basis. Total number of inmate days divided by the number of days in the time-period.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Group Care, Work Crew and Weekend Reporting.
- · Average Length of Stay (ALOS): The average number of days a person spends in a program or jail based upon release month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Juvenile Population by Placement

Group Care								
	Average Daily Population		Admis	ssions	Length of Stay (days)			
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017		
January	1	-	3	-	6.70	-		
February	0	-	1	-	6.00	-		
March	0	5	1	5	9.00	9.70		
April	0	-	3	-	2.70	-		
May	1	-	2	-	7.50	-		
June	1	-	3	-	6.50	-		
July	1	-	1	-	12.00	-		
August	1	-	2	-	9.00	-		
September	2	-	1	-	20.00	-		
October	0	-	0	-	12.00	-		
November	0	-	1	-	2.00	-		
December	0	-	3	-	3.70	-		
YTD Average	1	5	2	5	8.09	9.70		

- Group Care: The group home provides 24-hour staff supervision, school, counseling, work activities and recreation. Group home placement supplies the
 youth a window for court services, alternatives to secure detention and mental health staff to formulate strategies of intervention and treatment.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Group Care, Work Crew and Weekend Reporting.
- Average Daily Workload (ADW): Mean number of persons in non-custodial populations based on program participation days within a time-period. Total number of active participation days divided by program participation days in the time-period.
- Program ALOS: The total days ordered by the court for all persons admitted to a non-custodial community correction program (Day Reporting, Work Crew, and Group Care) in that month divided by the number of persons admitted in that month.
- Calendar Length of Stay: The average number of actual calendar days that a person spends in a non-custodial community corrections based program. It is
 based on the day that a person is admitted into the program and the day that they leave the program. For DRC, it is calculated for persons whose cases are
 closed during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Juvenile Population by Placement

	Work Crew									
	Averag Enrol		Admis	ssions	Averag Work		Program Length of Stay (days)		Calendar Length of Stay (days)	
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017
January	6	-	6	-	1.75	-	3	-	33	-
February	7	-	6	-	4.50	-	3	-	23	-
March	7	-	7	-	3.50	-	3	-	33	-
April	5	-	7	-	2.50	-	2	-	18	-
May	5	-	7	-	1.50	-	2	-	16	-
June	6	-	13	-	3.30	-	2	-	27	-
July	4	-	6	-	3.00	-	2	-	8	-
August	4	-	4	-	2.30	-	2	-	32	-
September	5	-	6	-	0.80	-	3	-	29	-
October	5	-	3	-	1.00	-	4	-	33	-
November	4	-	4	-	2.30	-	3	-	42	-
December	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YTD Average	5	-	6	-	2.40	-	2	-	27	-

- Work Crew: A non-custodial community correction's sanction/program in which offenders perform work such as cleaning up garbage on highways or parks in lieu of incarceration.
- Average Daily Enrollment (ADE): Mean number of persons enrolled in a non-custodial program, irrespective of program participation. Total number of enrollee days divided by the number of days in the time-period; calculated as start date to closed date.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Group Care, Work Crew and Weekend Reporting.
- Average Daily Workload (ADW): Mean number of persons in non-custodial populations based on program participation days within a time-period. Total number of active participation days divided by program participation days in the time-period.
- Program ALOS: The total days ordered by the court for all persons admitted to a non-custodial community correction program (Day Reporting, Work Crew, and Group Care) in that month divided by the number of persons admitted in that month.
- Calendar Length of Stay: The average number of actual calendar days that a person spends in a non-custodial community corrections based program. It is
 based on the day that a person is admitted into the program and the day that they leave the program. For DRC, it is calculated for persons whose cases are
 closed during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Juvenile Population by Placement

	Weekend Reporting									
	Admis	Admissions		Average Daily Workload		e Daily Iment	Calendar Length of Stay (days)			
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017		
January	2	-	2	-	2	-	5.00	-		
February	0	-	1	-	0	-	0.00	-		
March	3	-	3	-	0	-	4.00	-		
April	2	-	1	-	1	-	5.00	-		
May	1	-	2	-	4	-	33.00	-		
June	1	-	1	-	1	-	26.00	-		
July	0	-	2	-	1	-	48.50	-		
August	3	-	2	-	3	-	12.00	-		
September	1	-	1	-	1	-	4.00	-		
October	2	-	2	-	1	-	5.00	-		
November	3	-	3	-	1	-	10.33	-		
December	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
YTD Average	2	-	2	-	1	-	13.89	-		

- Weekend Reporting: Started March 2008. The program is offered four days a month, Saturday and Sunday every other weekend, and the maximum slot
 available each day is 14. A non-custodial community corrections based program that provides structured non-custodial programs and activities that can
 consist of supervision, team building, and goal-setting.
- Admission: A single event during a calendar month in which a person is processed into one of the non-custodial programs operated by the Division of Community Corrections and the Juvenile Alternatives to Secure Detention programs including Group Care, Work Crew and Weekend Reporting.
- Average Daily Workload (ADW): Mean number of persons in non-custodial populations based on program participation days within a time-period. Total
 number of active participation days divided by program participation days in the time-period.
- Average Daily Enrollment (ADE): Mean number of persons enrolled in a non-custodial program, irrespective of program participation. Total number of
 enrollee days divided by the number of days in the time-period; calculated as start date to closed date. ADE was not available in 2008. It has been added as
 a measure in order to obtain more accurate data on this program.
- Calendar Length of Stay: The average number of actual calendar days that a person spends in a non-custodial community corrections based program. It is
 based on the day that a person is admitted into the program and the day that they leave the program. For DRC, it is calculated for persons whose cases are
 closed during the month.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Forecast Variance Report April 2017

	ation/Enroll	ment		
Facility/Program	Quarterly Forecast	Actual	Variance	% Variance
Secure Facilities				
KCCF	1,040	1,203.6	163.6	15.7%
RJC	872	873.3	1.3	0.1%
Total Secure Adult	1,912	2,076.9	164.9	8.6%
YSC	55	45.1	-9.9	(18.0%)
Adult Community Facilities	/Programs			
EHD (ADP)	40	31.3	-8.7	(21.8%)
WER (ADP)	109	85.2	-23.8	(21.9%)
CCAP Basic (ADE)	75	78.0	3.0	4.0%
CCAP Enhanced (ADE)	125	102.0	-23.0	(18.4%)
CCAP Enhanced (ADW)	-	-	-	-
Work Crew (ADE)	400	244.0	-156.0	(39.0%)
Work Crew (ADW)	60	17.3	-42.7	(71.1%)
Helping Hands (ADE)	325	250.0	-75.0	(23.1%)
Juvenile Alternatives to Sec	cure Detention			
EHD (ADW)	35	-	-	-
Group Care (ADW)	3	-	-	-
Work Crew (ADW)	4	-	-	-
Weekend Reporting (ADW)	4	-	-	-
Total ASD - Juvenile	46	-	-	-

- KCCF: (King County Correctional Facility), located in Seattle. The KCCF includes the Tower with a bed capacity of 1262 and the West Wing with a
 capacity of 435.
- Forecast target for the KCCF is based on 1) the Tower capacity permitted under the Hammer lawsuit mediated agreement (1262), 2) less a 2.5% vacancy rate, 3) plus the forecasted Intake capacity of 30.
- RJC: (Regional Justice Center) located in Kent. Capacity in the table reflects expected number of beds in use out of the total fully double bunked capacity of
- YSC (Youth Services Center); EHD (Electronic Home Detention); WER (Work Education Release); CCAP (Community Center for Alternative Programs);
 ADP (Average Daily Population), term applied to incarcerated custodial populations; ADE (Average Daily Enrollment), term applied to average number enrolled, not participating on a daily basis; ADW (Average Daily Workload), refers to the average number of persons participating in a program per day and is applied to non-custodial programs.
- · Secure facility capacities vary over the year; the annual forecast for KCCJ and RJC are averages for the year.

Detention and Alternatives Report For the Month of April 2017

Forecast Variance Report 2017 Year to Date

		Utilization/Enrollment				
Facility/Program	Annual Forecast	Actual	Variance	% Variance		
Secure Facilities						
KCCF	1,040	1,177.2	137.2	13.2%		
RJC	872	835.3	-36.7	(4.2%)		
Total Secure Adult	1,912	2,012.5	100.5	5.3%		
YSC	55	41.6	-13.4	(24.4%)		
Adult Community Facilities/P	rograms					
EHD (ADP)	40	34.5	-5.5	(13.7%)		
WER (ADP)	109	84.9	-24.1	(22.1%)		
CCAP Basic (ADE)	75	82.0	7.0	9.3%		
CCAP Enhanced (ADE)	125	106.5	-18.5	(14.8%)		
CCAP Enhanced (ADW)	-	-	-	-		
Work Crew (ADE)	400	243.8	-156.3	(39.1%)		
Work Crew (ADW)	60	18.3	-41.7	(69.4%)		
Helping Hands (ADE)	325	270.3	-54.7	(16.8%)		
Juvenile Alternatives to Secu	re Detention					
EHD (ADW)	35	30.1	-4.9	(14.0%)		
Group Care (ADW)	3	4.5	1.5	50.0%		
Work Crew (ADW)	4	-	-	-		
Weekend Reporting (ADW)	4	-	-	-		
Total ASD - Juvenile	46	34.6	-11.4	(24.8%)		

- KCCF: (King County Correctional Facility), located in Seattle. The KCCF includes the Tower with a bed capacity of 1262 and the West Wing with a
 capacity of 435.
- Forecast target for the KCCF is based on 1) the Tower capacity permitted under the Hammer lawsuit mediated agreement (1262), 2) less a 2.5% vacancy rate, 3) plus the forecasted Intake capacity of 30.
- RJC: (Regional Justice Center) located in Kent. Capacity in the table reflects expected number of beds in use out of the total fully double bunked capacity of 1457.
- YSC (Youth Services Center); EHD (Electronic Home Detention); WER (Work Education Release); CCAP (Community Center for Alternative Programs);
 ADP (Average Daily Population), term applied to incarcerated custodial populations; ADE (Average Daily Enrollment), term applied to average number enrolled, not participating on a daily basis; ADW (Average Daily Workload), refers to the average number of persons participating in a program per day and is applied to non-custodial programs.
- · Secure facility capacities vary over the year; the annual forecast for KCCJ and RJC are averages for the year.